Negative Impacts of Ground Level Ozone on Human Health and the Environment

I. Introduction

- 1. Background information:
 - a. High concentrations affects the human respiratory system
 - i. Acerbating existing respiratory diseases/conditions
 - ii. Reduces quality of respiration
 - iii. Causes a high mortality rate
 - b. Key component of photochemical smog (Ali 2006)
 - c. Ozone is not released directly into the atmosphere
 - i. Chemical reactions involve sunlight, oxides of nitrogen, oxides of hydrogen, and hydrocarbons (Seeley et al. 2005)
 - ii. Occurs at a very fast rate
- 2. Thesis: When tropospheric ozone is at elevated concentrations, it affects the respiratory system by acerbating existing respiratory diseases/conditions, reducing quality of respiration, and causing a high mortality rate. Along these same lines, ground level ozone has similar effects on agriculture.

II. General symptoms

- 1. Ozone damage can occur without any noticeable signs
- 2. Ozone continues to cause lung damage even when the symptoms have disappeared
- 3. The best way to protect your health is to find out when ozone levels are elevated in your area

III. Respiratory symptoms

- 1. General effects on the lungs
 - a. Makes it more difficult to breathe
 - b. Causes shortness of breath and pain when taking deep breaths
 - c. Makes the lungs more susceptible to infection
 - d. Causes coughing and sore scratchy throat
 - e. Causes permanent lung damage
- 2. Specific effects on lungs
 - a. Inflames and damages airways
 - b. Causes muscles in the airway to constrict, trapping air in the alveoli
 - i. This leads to wheezing and shortness of breath
 - ii. Painful coughing
 - c. Ozone can inflame and damage cells that line your lungs
 - i. Within a few days, the damaged cells are replaced and the old cells are shed
 - ii. Ozone may aggravate chronic lung diseases
 - 1. Such as emphysema and bronchitis
 - 2. Reduce the immune system's ability to fight off
- 3. Can cause several diseases (increases likelihood)
 - a. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
 - b. Asthma
 - c. Chronic bronchitis
- 4. Leads to high mortality rates

IV. Effect on Agriculture

- 1. Ozone symptoms usually occur between the veins on the upper leaf
 - a. Especially for older and middle-aged leaves
 - b. Surface of leaf
- 2. Type/severity of injury is dependent on several factors
 - a. Duration and concentration of ozone exposure
 - b. Weather conditions
 - c. Plant genetics
- 3. The destruction of plant species will not only lead to
 - a. The endangerment of those plants
 - b. Negative domino effect on the earth
- 4. The endangerment (or possibly extinction) of these plant species will lead to:
 - a. Food and oxygen shortages
 - b. The endangerment of the animals who feed on those plant species
 - i. Lead to certain species losing their habitats
 - ii. Possible extinction
- 5. These events would then lead to the destruction of ecosystems and food chains

V. Effect on Agriculture cont.

- 1. Ozone typically enters through the stomata of the plant
- 2. Chlorosis
 - a. A disease where the chlorophyll in green parts of the plant is destroyed
 - b. Plant cannot conduct photosynthesis at an efficient rate
- 3. Necrosis
 - a. Plant disease where the tissues of the plant die
 - b. Organs will die
- 4. Interfering with plant abilities
 - a. Produce/store food
 - b. Immune system
 - i. More susceptible to certain diseases
 - ii. Higher likelihood of organ death
- 5. Damaging the leaves of trees and other plants
 - a. Reddining
 - b. Flecking
 - c. Bronzing
- 6. Potentially impacting species diversity in ecosystems.

VI. Islamic Perspective

- 1. Hadith about
 - a. How helping one person is like helping all of mankind
 - b. Moving something from the path of a person is a charity
 - c. Abu Musa story
- 2. Quran
 - a. Sura Luqman
 - b. Sura Israa

VII. How to Prevent Ozone

- 1. Vapor recovery nozzles at the gasoline pumps to reduce refueling emissions
- 2. Cleaner burning gasoline reformulated to reduce VOC, NOx and other pollutants
- 3. Strict NOx emission limits for power plants and industrial combustion sources
- 4. Enhanced vehicle inspection programs in states
- 5. Strict limitations on the solvent usage in factories

VIII. Conclusion:

- 1. Tropospheric ozone can be harmful to the human body
 - a. Affects the respiratory system
 - i. Reducing the quality of respiration
 - ii. Causing a high mortality rate
 - b. Get sunburn in lungs
 - i. Cells will shed
 - ii. Higher likelihood of lung cancer
- 2. Tropospheric ozone negatively affects agriculture
 - a. Plant diseases
 - i. Necrosis
 - ii. Cholorsis
 - b. Organ Damage
 - i. Speckling
 - ii. Bronzing
 - iii. Reddening
- 3. Ground level ozone ruins mankind's relationship with Allah (SWT)
 - a. Allah (SWT) tells mankind in the Quraan to preserve the earth because it is a blessing
 - b. Allah (SWT) established cleanliness as a key principle in being Muslim
 - c. There is still hope to improve the environment
 - i. Take many precautions
 - 1. Carpooling
 - 2. Use clean paints/cleaning equipment
 - ii. Protect yourself
 - 1. Look at Air Quality website
 - 2. Act accordingly
 - d. Protecting our environment from tropospheric ozone will not only help us live on a healthy earth, but also improve our relationship with Allah (SWT)